## Thank you for your support.



www.KerrysPlaceAutismServices.org

Charitable Registration #107565665RR0001

## We have an **Autism Spectrum Disorder**

## Having an Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD)

means we have **differences** in our **systems of communication**, ways of **socializing** and **behaving**.

We can be **hyper-responsive** (increased sensitivity) Or

hypo-responsive (decreased sensitivity) to sights, sounds, smells, tastes, touch, balance and body awareness.

Often these **differences** are **extreme**.



Sense	Hyper-sensitivity	Hypo-sensitivity
Visual	Sight helps you to recognize others, ider your level of anxiety depending on what I may be able to see dust particles in the air	
Smell	Brings you into harmony with nature, wa awareness of other people, places and the law reject any object or person based on smell	
Taste	Enables you to identify sweet, salty, sour you an individual sense of taste.  I may refuse food with a strong taste	I may chew on objects in search of stimulating tastes

# Sense **Proprioceptive**

**Tactile** 

**Auditory** 



because I press too hard

and rip the paper

**Hyper-sensitivity** 

I am irritated by

and labels

certain clothing textures

I am generally afraid

of loud, unexpected or specific sounds

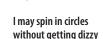




**Hypo-sensitivity** 

Enables you to determine what types of items you do not like to touch or wear, textures you do not like to eat, and sense temperatures.

Allows you to hear the world around you, pick up on social or urgent needs in your environment, and can influence your mood depending on the sounds you hear.



out irritating or

unexpected noises

I may touch people and

objects a lot to interact

with them and to learn

I often hum or chatter to myself to screen

about them





middle of the hall touching the wall or rolling my whole body along the wall